



July 22, 2024

Chapter IV - Boundaries

Dear Reader:

The following document was created from the CTAS website (ctas.tennessee.edu). This website is maintained by CTAS staff and seeks to represent the most current information regarding issues relative to Tennessee county government.

We hope this information will be useful to you; reference to it will assist you with many of the questions that will arise in your tenure with county government. However, the *Tennessee Code Annotated* and other relevant laws or regulations should always be consulted before any action is taken based upon the contents of this document.

Please feel free to contact us if you have questions or comments regarding this information or any other CTAS website material.

Sincerely,

The University of Tennessee
County Technical Assistance Service
226 Anne Dallas Dudley Boulevard, Suite 400
Nashville, Tennessee 37219
615.532.3555 phone
615.532.3699 fax
www.ctas.tennessee.edu

Chapter IV - Boundaries 3
Creation of the County 3
Acts of 1799 Chapter 3 3
Change of Boundary Lines 4
Acts of 1803 Chapter 70 4
Acts of 1807 Chapter 94 4
Acts of 1809 Chapter 37 4
Acts of 1815 Chapter 153 5
Acts of 1851-52 Chapter 304 5
Acts of 1867-68 Chapter 13 6
Acts of 1869-70 Chapter 88 6
Acts of 1871 Chapter 148 6
Acts of 1877 Chapter 156 6
Acts of 1877 Chapter 168 7
Acts of 1889 Chapter 75 7
Private Acts of 1931 Chapter 793 7
Boundaries - Historical Notes 8

Chapter IV - Boundaries

Creation of the County

Acts of 1799 Chapter 3

SECTION 1. That the county of Davidson be divided by a line as follows, viz: Beginning at a point forty poles due north of the dwelling house of Thomas McCrory, on the waters of Little Harpeth, running thence east two miles and one hundred and four poles, thence south seventy degrees east sixteen miles and two hundred and seventy poles, thence due south to the Indian boundary line, thence with said line westwardly to the Robertson County line, thence with said Robertson county line, north to a point due west from the mouth of Little Harpeth, thence a direct line to a point on South Harpeth, southwest from the mouth of said Little Harpeth, thence northeast to the mouth of said Little Harpeth, thence a direct line to the beginning; and that county, so laid off on the south be known and distinguished by the name of Williamson.

SECTION 2. That John Johnson, Senior, Daniel Perkins, James Buford, William Edmondson, and Capt. James Scurlock be commissioners; and they, or a majority of them, are hereby authorized to fix on a place the most central and convenient in said county of Williamson, for the purpose of erecting a courthouse, prison, and stocks.

SECTION 3. That the aforesaid commissioners are hereby authorized and required as soon as may be after agreeing on the place on which the courthouse, prison and stocks are to be erected in said county of Williamson, to agree and contract with suitable workmen for erecting and building the same for the benefit of said county.

SECTION 4. That the court of said county, shall have power to lay a tax not exceeding twelve and a half cents on each hundred acres of land, nor twenty-five cents on each town lot or slave between the age of twelve and fifty years, nor twelve and a half cents on each free poll between the age of twenty-one and fifty years, nor one dollar on each stud horse kept for covering mares, to be collected in said county of Williamson for two years by the sheriff or collector of the same, to be accounted for and paid to the said commissioners, at the same time, in the same manner and under the like penalties and restrictions, as are or may be directed for collecting, accounting for and paying public taxes, which said monies hence arising, are to be appropriated for carrying this act into effect.

SECTION 5. That before the commissioners shall take into their hands any of the monies which may be collected in pursuance of this act, they shall each of them jointly enter into bond in the sum of two thousand dollars, payable to the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, and his successors in office, conditioned for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed in them.

SECTION 6. For the due administration of justice, that the court of said county of Williamson shall be held by the Justices of said county on the first Monday in February, May, August, and November; and the Justices of said county are hereby authorized and empowered to hold the first court for the same at the town of Franklin; and all subsequent courts for said county on the days above mentioned for holding therein, at any place to which the said Justices shall from court to court adjourn, until a courthouse shall be built for said county of Williamson, and then all causes, matters and things depending in said court, and all manner of process returnable to the same, shall be adjourned to such courthouse. And all courts held in and for said county shall be held by commission to said justices, in the same manner, and under the same rules and restrictions, and shall have and exercise the same power and jurisdiction as are or shall be prescribed for the courts for the several counties in the state.

SECTION 7. That the said county of Williamson be, and it is hereby declared a part of the district of Mero, in the same manner, and for all purposes civil and military as it did previous to a division: Provided, that nothing herein contained, shall be so construed as to prevent the sheriff or collector of the taxes of Davidson County from collecting the same within the limits of the said county of Williamson, which are at this time due, in the same manner as if this act had not been passed.

SECTION 8. That Henry Rutherford and John Davis, be commissioners, and they are hereby authorized to run the dividing line between the aforesaid counties, where they are already run or particularly pointed out by natural boundaries, for which services each of the commissioners shall be allowed the sum of two dollars per day, and the chain carriers and markers, each one dollar per day, which expenses are to be equally paid by both counties.

SECTION 9. That the said county of Williamson be a part of the district for electing a governor, representative or representatives to congress, and senators and representatives in the General Assembly,

to which it has heretofore belonged, and the elections be held at the place of holding courts in said county, at the time and in the manner by law directed, and that the sheriff or returning officer make a return of the polls at the courthouse in Nashville, on the day next succeeding each election, to the sheriff or proper returning officer for the county of Davidson.

SECTION 10. And whereas there are debts remaining due from the county of Davidson, that nothing herein contained, shall so operate as to exonerate said county of Williamson from payment of part of said debts, to be apportioned between the two counties, agreeably to the amount of taxable property and polls in each, which shall remain liable in the same manner as if this act had not been passed.

SECTION 11. And in order to have all accounts liquidated, and prevent future disputes between said counties, that the second courts which shall hereafter sit in each county, shall each appoint a commissioner, which said commissioners shall be vested with full power, and it shall be their duty, to settle said accounts and apportion them between said counties; and that all claims against said county of Davidson be presented properly authenticated, to said commissioners, on or before the first day of January, 1801, or the payment thereof be ever after barred; and for the services herein mentioned, said commissioners shall be allowed two dollars per day, to be paid out of the monies belonging to said counties.

SECTION 12. That the Justices of said county of Williamson are hereby authorized and empowered, at the second court to be held for said county, in each and every year, to lay a tax on the taxable property and polls within said county, for the purpose of carrying into effect the true intent and meaning of the tenth and eleventh sections of this Act.

Passed: October 26, 1799.

Change of Boundary Lines

Acts of 1803 Chapter 70

SECTION 1. That the counties of Davidson and Williamson be divided by a line as follows: Beginning on the Williamson line, on the extreme height of the ridge dividing the waters of Mill Creek from those of Stone's River; thence with that ridge a southwardly direction to the eastern boundary line of said Williamson county; thence with said line south to the south boundary of this state; thence with the boundary of the State, east to the corner of Wilson County; thence with the Wilson county line north to the corner of said county; thence with the line of said county north fifty one and a half degrees west to the southwest corner of said Wilson county; thence a direct course to the mouth of Sugg's Creek; thence a direct line to the beginning. And the county so laid off on the east and southeast on the waters of Stone's river, agreeably to the above described lines, be known and distinguished by the name of Rutherford.

COMPILER'S NOTE: Section 2 concerned administration of Rutherford County. Section 3 allowed the sheriff or collector of the taxes of Davidson or Williamson Counties to collect the taxes due to the their counties prior to the passage of this Act.

Passed: October 25, 1803.

Acts of 1807 Chapter 94

SECTION 1. That Williamson County shall be reduced to its constitutional limits (to wit:) Beginning three hundred and fifty-nine chain south of the old Indian Boundary line upon Duck river ridge, where Dickson county formerly cornered with the said county of Williamson, thence running south seventy-six degrees east to Rutherford County line, and all that part lying north of said line shall be, and remain Williamson County.

COMPILER'S NOTE: All the remaining portions of this Act create and organize Maury County, and are not reproduced here.

Passed: November 16, 1807.

Acts of 1809 Chapter 37

SECTION 1. That the southern boundary line of Williamson County, from the point where the northeast corner of Maury County corners on the said line, shall be altered as to run

due from the said point to the eastern boundary line of Williamson County, and the inhabitants south of said line shall become a part of Bedford County, provided, that the Sheriff of Williamson County may first collect the taxes which are due from said inhabitants, in the same manner as if they had not been attached to Bedford County.

SECTION 2. That Newton Cannon be appointed a surveyor to run and mark the said line as directed to be altered, and shall be allowed two dollars per day for the said service, to be paid by the citizens living in that part of Williamson County which is struck off by this Act, and added to Bedford.

SECTION 3. That this Act shall be in force from the fifth day of December, in the year 1809.

Passed: November 8, 1809.

Acts of 1815 Chapter 153

SECTION 1. That that part of Davidson county which lies south of a line drawn due west from the mouth of Little Harpeth River to the northwest corner of Williamson County be and the same is hereby added to and made a part of Williamson County.

SECTION 2. That it shall be the duty of the Justices of the Peace for Williamson County at the next term of the court of pleas and quarter sessions held for said county to appoint a skillful surveyor who shall run and mark the aforesaid line from the mouth of Little Harpeth River to the northwest corner of Williamson County which said surveyor shall receive such compensation for his service as shall be allowed him by said county court, but nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the sheriff or collector of Davidson County from collecting the state and county tax due from the persons living within that part of Davidson County which is by this act added to Williamson County.

SECTION 3. That the persons living in that part of Davidson county which is by this act added to Williamson County shall not be subject to the payment of a county tax which now is or may hereafter be laid for the purpose of discharging the expenses that have accrued on account of building the court house, jail and other public improvements in Williamson County.

SECTION 4. That the persons by this act added to Williamson County shall not be compelled to open the road leading from Franklin to the town of Charlotte in Dickson County, or a road leading from Franklin to Vernon in Hickman County, or any other new road not heretofore established by law, except those who requested by their petition to be annexed to Williamson County, or shall hereafter sign a petition to the county court of Williamson asking such road to be opened.

SECTION 5. That the Sheriff of Davidson county shall on the last Saturday of December next, open and hold an election at the house of Robert Shannon when every person constitutionally entitled to vote for members of the Legislature and residing in the section of the county intended to be cut off, shall be authorized to vote at said election when and where the sheriff aforesaid shall put the county of Davidson and the county of Williamson in nomination and if a majority of said voters shall vote for the county of Williamson then this act shall take effect and be in full force, otherwise it shall be void to all intents and purposes whatever. Provided that the sheriff for his services in holding said election shall be allowed the sum of five dollars to be paid by the county of Williamson out of any monies in the hands of the trustee of said county on said sheriff making return to Williamson County Court at the January term 1816 that he had performed the services required by this act, and when the election so held he shall make a true return of the amount of votes, and how they are, given under his hand and seal, which shall be sufficient evidence of the fact.

Passed: November 12, 1815.

Acts of 1851-52 Chapter 304

SECTION 1. That the line between the counties of Rutherford and Williamson be changed, so as to run as follows, to wit: Beginning where the Nashville and Shelbyville road now crosses the Bedford County line, running thence northward to M. C. Jordan's southwest corner; thence with his line to the head of Big Harpeth River; thence down Big Harpeth River, as it meanders, to the mouth of the East Fork; thence northward, so as to strike the Rutherford County line near Rehoboth Meeting house, and that the citizens of the portion so taken off, shall be added to, and be citizens of Rutherford County from and after the passage of this act.

Passed: February 17, 1852.

COMPILER'S NOTE: Section Two of this Act referred to DeKalb County and therefore, is not included herein.

Acts of 1867-68 Chapter 13

COMPILER'S NOTE: Only Section 6 of this Act affected Williamson County.

SECTION 6. That the county lines between the counties of Rutherford and Williamson, be so changed as to run as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of Williamson County and the north boundary line of Bedford County, running westwardly with the Bedford and Marshall County line to the Fayetteville and Farmington Turnpike; thence north with the said Turnpike road to the line between Mrs. Crump's and T. F. P. Allison's land East of the pike; thence east with line between Allison's and Bellafant and J. Jordan's Sr., and Joshua Johnson's heirs, to J. Jordan's northeast corner; thence north to Harpeth River; thence down the same to where the big road that runs from College Grove to Williamson Jordan's old homestead crosses the same; thence east with said road to the Eaglesville, Unionville and Salem Turnpike; thence north with the same to the culvert, near the toll-house; thence east with the big road via John Haley's; and thence eastwardly to the Rutherford County line; and thence, as at present, with said line between Rutherford and Williamson Counties.

Passed: December 3, 1867.

Acts of 1869-70 Chapter 88

COMPILER'S NOTE: Only Section 7 of this Act pertained to Williamson County.

SECTION 7. That the county line between the counties of Williamson and Cheatham be so changed as to run as follows: Commencing at the point where the line of said county of Cheatham connects with the line of the county of Williamson, near the residence of Mrs. Nicholas Knight; running thence north to the south boundary of James Russell's land; thence east to his southeast corner; thence north with the land of said Russell and Joel Telley to said Telley's northeast corner; thence west to the line of Cheatham County; thence north with the line of said Cheatham and Davidson Counties, to a stake east of northeast corner of the land of John W. Ivey; thence west to the present line between said counties of Cheatham and Williamson; and that said sections thus detached from said county of Cheatham, and attached to said county of Williamson, constitute a part of the First Civil District of Williamson County.

Passed: February 28, 1870.

Acts of 1871 Chapter 148

SECTION 1. That hereafter the county line between the counties of Rutherford and Williamson shall be changed so as to run as follows: Beginning at the Harpeth River where the College Grove and the road to Williamson Jordan's homestead crosses; thence running north with the meanderings of said river to the northwest corner of Joseph M. Haley's; thence east with the said Haley's and McCord's line to the southwest corner of the toll gate lot; thence north to the Northwest corner of the toll gate lot thence east with said lot to the Eagleville, Unionville and Shelbyville turnpike; thence north with said turnpike to Spot Covington's north boundary line; thence east to Spot Covington's northeast corner, and thence so as to include the tract of land owned by C.A. Hill, purchased of Jordan's estate; thence south with the line between C.A. Hill's tract and John Floyd's tract to J.K.P. Barrett's north boundary line; thence east with said Barrett's line so as to include W.T.J. Wood and Susan Wood's tract; thence east, between John Haley's and Newton McCord's tracts, to the Franklin and Versailles road; thence south with said road to the Rutherford County line, all the parties effected having petitioned for said change, and it not reducing Williamson County below its constitutional limits.

SECTION 2. That this Act shall take effect from and after its passage, the public welfare requiring it.

Passed: December 13, 1871.

Acts of 1877 Chapter 156

SECTION 1. That the east boundary line of Williamson County be so changed as to include in Williamson County the following lands, which are now in Rutherford County, viz: Beginning at the northeast corner of the land of W. T. Wood; thence between the land of

Wood and John Haley and J. B. Critchlow, leaving in Williamson County the lands of Wood now in Rutherford; thence between lands of K. P. Barrett and J. B. Critchlow, leaving in Williamson County the lands of Barrett nor in Rutherford; thence between the lands of S. L. Covington and J. B. Critchlow, leaving in Williamson the lands of Covington now in Rutherford; thence between the lands of heirs of N. McCord's toll gate lot and land of J. M. Haley, along present line to Big Harpeth River; thence up said river to the line between the lands of M. A. Campbell and J. C. Anderson, leaving Anderson's land in Williamson County; thence between Anderson, heirs of I. Belenfont, W. D. Patton, and J. P. Allison, of Williamson, and _____ Zaney, W. C. Jordan, Joseph Jones, of Rutherford, to Mrs. M. W. Jordan's northeast corner; thence between Mrs. M. W. Jordan and Chesly Williams and William McMeeken, leaving lands of Mrs. Jordan in Williamson, and lands of C. Williams and William McMeeken in the county of Rutherford.

SECTION 2. That this act take effect from and after its passage, the public welfare requiring it.

Passed: March 24, 1877.

Acts of 1877 Chapter 168

SECTION 1. That the line between the counties of Rutherford and Williamson be changed as follows: Beginning where the Rutherford and Williamson County line intersects the road from Windrow's Church to near the forks of the Unionville, Nolensville and Farmington Pike; thence west with said road to Henry H. Pate's southwest corner; thence north with the west boundary line of Henry H. Pate and Henry C. Allen to the road from Murfreesboro to Thomas Redman's on the Unionville and Nolensville Pike; thence west with said road to J. B. Jordan's southwest corner; thence north with said Jordan's west boundary line to the road from Coleman Jordan's to Triune; thence east with said road to the original county line between Rutherford and Williamson.

SECTION 2. That this Act take effect from and after its passage, the public welfare requiring it.

Passed: March 23, 1877.

Acts of 1889 Chapter 75

SECTION 1. That the line between the counties of Davidson and Williamson be changed as follows: So as to run from the point where the Davidson and Williamson line now crosses Mill Creek, the line run up in the center of Mill Creek to a point opposite where the Franklin and Lebanon Road crosses the Nolensville Turnpike; thence in a straight line, about fifty yards to the center of said Nolensville Turnpike, where said Franklin and Lebanon Road crosses said turnpike; thence up and in the center of said Nolensville Turnpike, it being a southerly direction, to a point opposite the Rock Well; thence in a southeasterly course to where the present line between Davidson and Williamson crosses the Burkett Road, and the line of Davidson County is so extended as to include the lands within said boundaries in Davidson County.

SECTION 2. That this Act take effect from and after its passage, the public welfare requiring it.

Passed: March 12, 1889.

Private Acts of 1931 Chapter 793

SECTION 1. That the territory of Williamson County lying in the extreme northerly portion of the 17th Civil District thereof, and described by metes and bounds, as follows: "Beginning at the present intersection of the line between Davidson and Williamson Counties and the right of way line of the Battle Road which is at the dividing line between Battle tract and the Henry Guthrie tract, the plan of which is of record in Minute Book C-C, Page 106, Circuit Court of Davidson County, Tennessee; thence along the northerly right of way line of the Battle or Kidd Road, north 88 3/4 degrees west 55.76 poles to the dividing line between lots No. 1 and 2 of the said Henry Guthrie tract, thence along said dividing line due north to a point in the old Davidson and Williamson County line, thence in a southeasterly direction with the old Davidson and Williamson County line to a point in the line between the Battle and Guthrie tracts, thence due south with said line to the beginning and containing approximately 12 acres of land," shall be and the same is hereby attached to and constitutes a part of Davidson County, Tennessee.

SECTION 2. That the territory of Davidson County, lying in the extreme southerly portion of the 6th Civil District thereof and described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at a point in the old Davidson and Williamson County line the northwest corner of the tract of land added to Davidson County by the

preceding Section of this Act, thence due north with the property line between Mrs. Nammie E. Guthrie and T. W. Fly to the property line of Mrs. Mattie H. Sneed, thence along the southerly boundary of the Mrs. Mattie H. Sneed property and the northerly boundary of the T.W. Fly tract, north 88 3/4 degrees, west, 87.44 poles to the intersection of the present line between Davidson and Williamson Counties, thence in a southeasterly direction with the present county line to the beginning, containing 28 acres, shall be and the same is hereby attached to and constitutes a part of Williamson County, Tennessee.

SECTION 3. That this Act take effect from and after its passage, the public welfare requiring it.

Passed: June 25, 1931.

Boundaries - Historical Notes

The following is a summary of acts which authorized boundary changes for Williamson County.

1. Acts of 1801, Chapter 37, extended the boundaries of the counties of Smith, Wilson, Davidson, Williamson and Robertson, south until they met the southern boundary of the State.
2. Acts of 1801, Chapter 68, provided that all the debts justly owed to Davidson County at the time Williamson County was stricken off and formed into a new county, would be apportioned between the two counties agreeable to the amount of taxable property and polls in each. Each county would appoint a commissioner to settle these debts with additional powers given to the Davidson County Commissioner should the county court of Williamson County neglect to comply with this Act.
3. Acts of 1805, Chapter 52, appointed Henry Rutherford as a Commissioner to run and mark the boundary lines between the counties of Williamson, Davidson, and Dickson for which he would be paid \$2 per day. Chain carriers employed by him would receive \$1 per day worked. The cost was to be apportioned among the respective counties.
4. Acts of 1806, Chapter 22, apportioned the sum due to Henry Rutherford for running and marking the lines between Williamson, Davidson, and Dickson Counties as follows: Williamson County would pay two-fifths of the cost, Davidson County would pay two-fifths, and Dickson County would be responsible for one-fifth, all of which could be paid out of the regular county funds in each county.
5. Acts of 1806, Chapter 50, stated that the principal surveyors of the First and Second Districts shall extend the county lines of Rutherford, Williamson, Dickson, and Stewart Counties, describing the said lines by some line of a section, south to the Indian boundary, or to the southern boundary of the State. Acts of 1809, Chapter 28, amended this Act to require Williamson County to pay the Surveyor for extending its boundaries to the above specified points.
6. Acts of 1843, Chapter 34, authorized a line to be run, beginning on the south boundary line of Williamson County, at the point where the west boundary line of the 25th Civil District of said county touches the line; thence north with the west boundary of said Civil District and west of the residences of Abraham Glen and James Vaughan till it strikes the dividing lines between the counties of Williamson and Rutherford. The voters in the area shall select five Commissioners to have the line described above run and marked, and the area assigned to the proper Civil District of Rutherford County.
7. Acts of 1853-54, Chapter 94, changed the lines between Williamson and Rutherford Counties by beginning on the Bedford County line and running north between the lands of Stephen Wood and Longshear Lamb, thence northward so as to include the dwelling houses of Thomas L. White, Mr. Rushing, and Henry Cromer, to the southwest corner of Drewry Bennett's land, thence north to the east fork of the Big Harpeth River and down the said east fork to its mouth and thence with the line as it is presently established.
8. Acts of 1859-60, Chapter 100, altered the boundary lines between Williamson and Marshall Counties so as to include the land and dwelling place of M.H. Hughes in Williamson County entirely.
9. Acts of 1868-69, Chapter 20, moved the farm and residence of Gideon Riggs out of Rutherford County and into Williamson County.
10. Acts of 1871, Chapter 135, changed the lines between Williamson and Rutherford Counties so as to include wholly within Williamson County the lands and residences of T. F. P. Allison, William Patton, Samuel Willhoite, the lands of the heirs of Mrs. Neal and the lands of Thomas Wilson, adjoining the lands of Mrs. Margaret Jordan and others, said land lying alongside the lines of the said counties.
11. Acts of 1877, Chapter 165, rearranged the boundaries between Williamson and Marshall Counties

- so as to include within the 22nd Civil District of Williamson County the dwelling and all the out houses of W. O. Smithson and N. J. Wood, and the tracts of land on which the same are located, and the 50 acres of land belonging to the home tract of G. R. Tucker which is cut off by the Marshall County line.
12. Acts of 1879, Chapter 137, moved all the lands of J. C. Anderson out of Rutherford County and into Williamson County.
 13. Acts of 1881, Chapter 107, transferred the farm of M. C. Campbell and that part of the farm of Campbell Brown situated in Williamson County out of Williamson County and into Maury County.
 14. Acts of 1887, Chapter 42, transferred the land of George W. Nellums out of Williamson County and into Maury County.
 15. Acts of 1887, Chapter 48, changed the lines between the counties of Williamson, Maury, and Marshall so as to place the farms of J. S. Flemming, W. P. Flemming, and S. C. Smithson, wholly into Williamson County.
 16. Acts of 1889, Chapter 129, rearranged the boundaries between Williamson County and Marshall County so as to take the land belonging to George A. Read, about 25 acres, out of the 9th Civil District of Marshall County and place it in Williamson.
 17. Acts of 1889, Chapter 133, removed the lands of James F. Buttrey, about 112 acres, out of Hickman County and placed the same wholly into Williamson County.
 18. Acts of 1891, Chapter 19, transferred the lands of T. J. Little out of Williamson County and placed them in Rutherford County.
 19. Acts of 1893, Chapter 2, changed the lines between the counties of Williamson, Rutherford, and Davidson, so as to include all the lands of J.M. Gooch in Rutherford County, said land being bounded on the north by the lands of Mrs. Caruthers, Palmer, and Richardson; on the west by the lands of the James Chrisman estate; and on the south by the lands of William Potts.
 20. Acts of 1893, Chapter 5, altered the lines between Williamson County and Rutherford County so as to take from Rutherford and include within Williamson the land of T. E. Stammers, bounded on the east and south by the lands of William McMeekin, and on the west and north by the Williamson County line, containing about 20 acres, more or less.
 21. Acts of 1893, Chapter 27, changed the Williamson-Maury County line so as to place the property belonging to Mrs. J. H. Wallace and J. T. Waddy, about 35 acres, wholly within Williamson County. The new line: Beginning at the southeast corner of Crutcher's land, thence running west between Crutcher and Glenn, crossing the Franklin and Lewisburg Pike to Ware's southeast corner, thence north to within 150 yards of the county line, thence west parallel with the former line to Rutherford Creek, thence north to the county line, making the creek line.
 22. Acts of 1895, Chapter 28, changed the line between the 6th Civil District of Williamson County and the 14th Civil District of Davidson County so as to detach from Williamson and attach to Davidson the lands of Mrs. E. A. Linton, Mrs. W. L. Brown, J. T. Brown, T. L. Herrin, W. C. Potts, P. T. Martin, and P. N. Potts. This Act was repealed by Acts of 1899, Chapter 220, as the legislature declared it to be violative of Section 4, Article 10 of the State Constitution.
 23. Acts of 1897, Chapter 227, moved the lands belonging to I. J. Battle, and wife, out of Williamson County and into Davidson County thus redrawing the line.
 24. Acts of 1897, Chapter 259, changed the boundary lines between Williamson and Maury Counties so as to include the lands of Mrs. J. H. Wallace and G. W. Ware as the same are described in this act, wholly within Williamson County.
 25. Acts of 1897, Chapter 279, transferred the farms of Hugh L. Phillips, Mrs. Margaret Phillips, Mrs. Annie H. Williams, R. N. Carmack, and A. J. Caldwell out of Williamson County and into the 8th Civil District of Davidson County, the new line being properly described by metes and bounds.
 26. Acts of 1901, Chapter 349, moved the lands of Joseph Cooke out of Williamson and into Rutherford, and the lands of William White out of Rutherford and into Williamson.
 27. Acts of 1905, Chapter 205, detached the lands of J. A. Trimble and G. C. Hawkins from the 2nd Civil District of Williamson County and attached them to the 2nd Civil District of Maury County.
 28. Acts of 1905, Chapter 525, moved the farm belonging to L. W. Sullivan out of Dickson County and into Williamson County.
 29. Private Acts of 1907, Chapter 20, rearranged the boundary lines between Davidson County and Williamson County so that the lands of P. A. Sowell and wife, Myra M. Sowell would be included wholly within Williamson County.

30. Private Acts of 1909, Chapter 46, transferred the property belonging to W. I. Cate out of Williamson County and into Rutherford County.
31. Private Acts of 1909, Chapter 558, detached the lands of J. E. Lampley, and G. C. Lampley, from Williamson County and attached the same to Dickson County.
32. Private Acts of 1911, Chapter 109, changed the boundaries between Williamson County and Maury County so that the lands of T. M. Fox, now in the 1st Civil District of Maury County, would hereafter be located in the 2nd Civil District of Williamson County.
33. Private Acts of 1913, Chapter 162, detached the lands of Z. J. Sullivan and John A. Greer, from the 4th Civil District of Hickman County and attached the same to the First Civil District of Williamson County.
34. Private Acts of 1921, Chapter 643, moved the property belonging to M. C. Lampley out of Dickson County and into Williamson County.
35. Private Acts of 1923, Chapter 452, transferred the lands of Mrs. Mary Ann Hawkins, widow of G. C. Hawkins, as the same were described in a referenced deed, out of the 2nd Civil District of Maury County and into the 2nd Civil District of Williamson County.
36. Private Acts of 1923, Chapter 453, moved the property belonging to D. H. Griggs out of the 25th Civil District of Maury County and into the 2nd Civil District of Williamson County.
37. Private Acts of 1929, Chapter 346, provided that a part of the A. F. Morgan estate, lying in the 20th Civil District of Williamson County, about eight acres, would be included hereafter in Rutherford County and the line between the King farm and the A. F. Morgan estate shall henceforth be the county line.
38. Private Acts of 1929, Chapter 650, detached the lands owned by W. I. Pate from Rutherford County and attached the same to Williamson County.
39. Private Acts of 1933, Chapter 430, excluded from Rutherford County all of the lands known as the J. P. Maxwell tract, R. B. Maxwell tract, and Tom Covington tract, which were located in the 12th Civil District of the county and included them within the 18th Civil District of Williamson County.
40. Private Acts of 1935, Chapter 649, detached the lands of B. R. Floyd from Rutherford County's 12th Civil District and attached them to Williamson County.
41. Private Acts of 1935, Chapter 691, moved the property of G. C. Stanley and H. A. Stanley out of the 2nd Civil District of Maury County and into the 4th Civil District of Williamson County, the land being described by referenced deeds.
42. Private Acts of 1939, Chapter 518, changed the lines between Williamson County and Rutherford County so that the properties of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Redmon, and of Joe Pate and Jodie Pate, which were adjacent to the 8th Civil District of Rutherford County be included in Rutherford County.
43. Private Acts of 1945, Chapter 434, rearranged the boundary lines between Williamson County and Rutherford County so that all the lands belonging to W. O. Barnes, the same being a tract of land known as the Crenshaw land and the Daniel Glymp farm, containing 138 acres, more or less, which were then located in the 18th Civil District of Williamson County, be wholly included in Rutherford County.

Source URL: <https://www.ctas.tennessee.edu/private-acts/chapter-iv-boundaries-21>